



PowerSearching –

10 steps to effective Literature Searches

Research Champions - C17

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Goals

- Increase searching effectiveness and techniques to find the best clinical evidence
- Utilize literature database searching features
- Utilize citation management software to organize search results

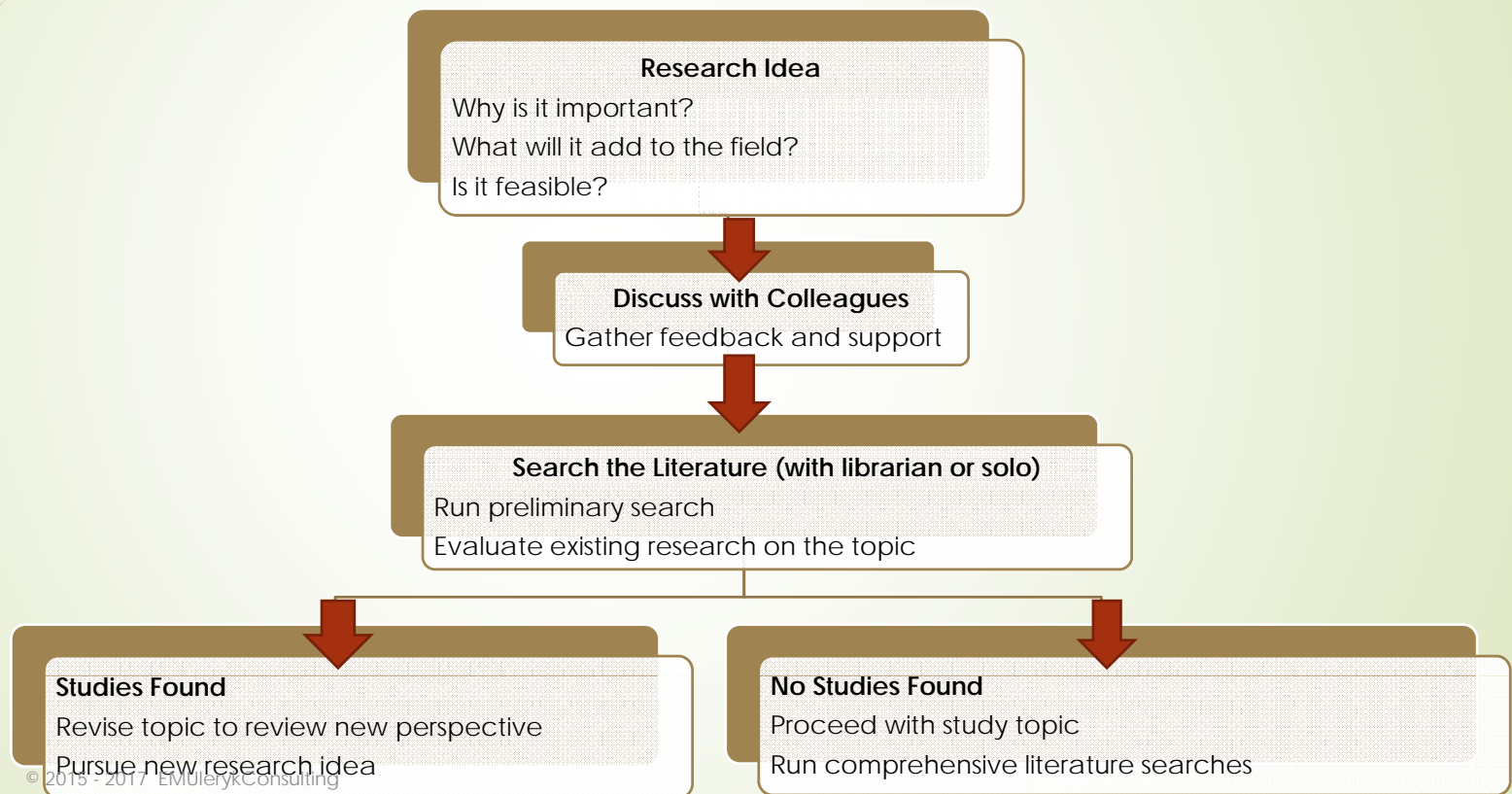


Objectives

At the end of this session I will be able to:

- ▶ Prepare a PICO or Concept Map of the search question
- ▶ List the top 3 databases required for most search topics
- ▶ List the difference between subject headings and textwords
- ▶ List the 4 pillars of evidence based practice (EBP)
- ▶ List 3 study designs or Quality Filters from the EBP pillars
- ▶ List 2 reasons for using automatically update your searches
- ▶ List 3 reasons for using Citation Management software

Literature Searching Research Timeline





The Sample Question

Research/Clinical scenario

Most if not all children undergoing cancer chemotherapy are more susceptible to infections. I want to know if there are any studies evaluating the prophylactic use of antibiotics to prevent these infections.



The Sample Question – key concepts

Research/Clinical scenario

Most if not all **children** undergoing **cancer** chemotherapy are more susceptible to **infections**. I want to know if there are any studies evaluating the **prophylactic use of antibiotics** to **prevent these infections**.



Step 1 – What is the Research topic

Research Rationale

Why this topic needs to be researched

- Clinical scenario – increase/prevalence/adverse events in practice occurrences
- Systematic review project – synthesize the evidence
- Guideline preparation – revise current practice



Step 2 - Background Questions/Research Need

What do I need to know to avoid bias

Where do I search

Existing guidelines on infection control

National Guideline Clearinghouse, MEDLINE, etc.

Institutional practice on infection control

Subject databases (e.g. MEDLINE, etc.)

Systematic reviews/meta-analyses

Cochrane, Subject databases (e.g. MEDLINE, etc.)

Drug safety/interactions

Hospital Formulary, ToxNet and ChemID

Antibiotics vs. other preventive measures

Subject databases (e.g. MEDLINE, etc.)

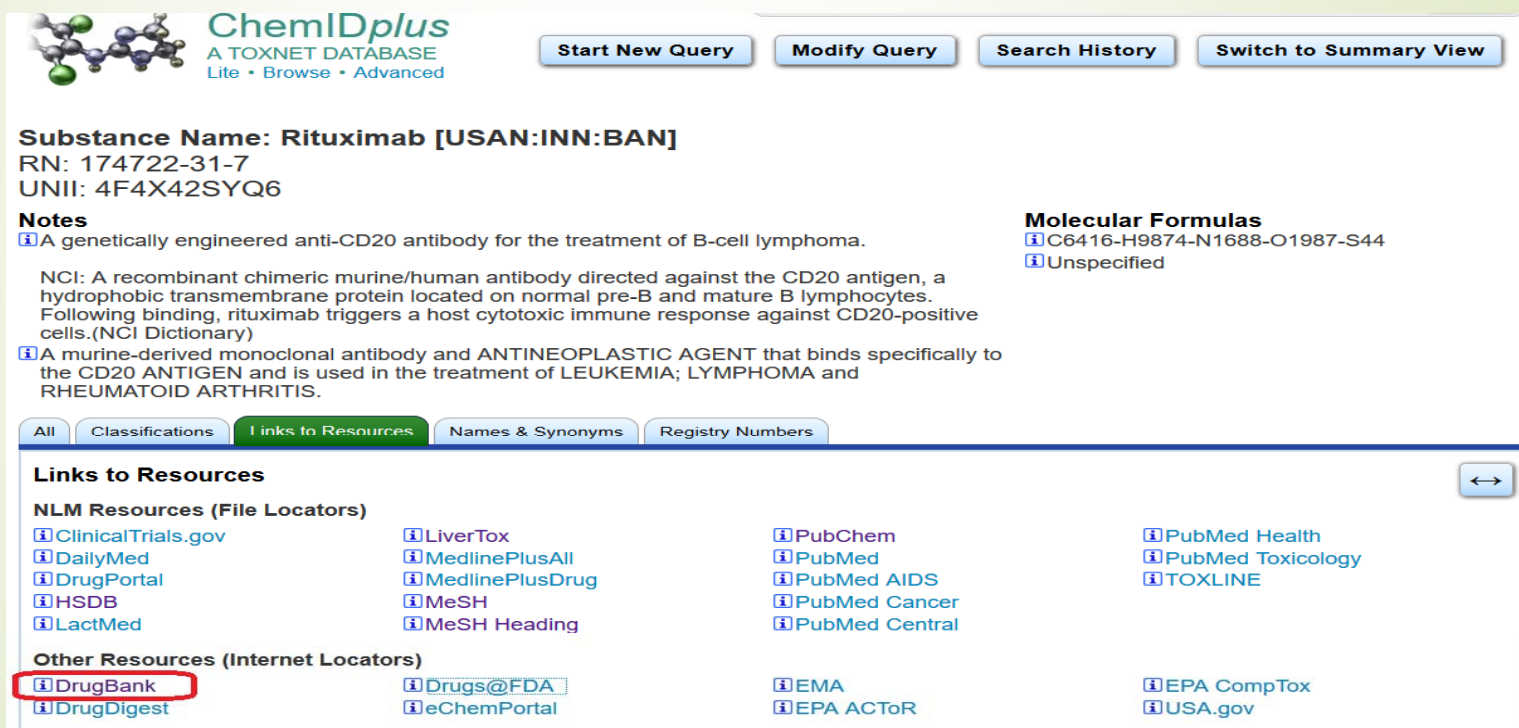
Supportive care

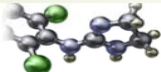
National Guideline Clearinghouse, Subject databases (e.g. MEDLINE, etc.)

Background Question - Example

ToxNet – ChemID Resource Links – Rituximab

(<https://chem.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/rn/174722-31-7>)



 **ChemIDplus**
A TOXNET DATABASE
Lite • Browse • Advanced

[Start New Query](#) [Modify Query](#) [Search History](#) [Switch to Summary View](#)

Substance Name: Rituximab [USAN:INN:BAN]
RN: 174722-31-7
UNII: 4F4X42SYQ6

Notes
A genetically engineered anti-CD20 antibody for the treatment of B-cell lymphoma.
NCI: A recombinant chimeric murine/human antibody directed against the CD20 antigen, a hydrophobic transmembrane protein located on normal pre-B and mature B lymphocytes. Following binding, rituximab triggers a host cytotoxic immune response against CD20-positive cells. (NCI Dictionary)
A murine-derived monoclonal antibody and ANTINEOPLASTIC AGENT that binds specifically to the CD20 ANTIGEN and is used in the treatment of LEUKEMIA; LYMPHOMA and RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS.

Molecular Formulas
C6416-H9874-N1688-O1987-S44
Unspecified

[All](#) [Classifications](#) [Links to Resources](#) [Names & Synonyms](#) [Registry Numbers](#)

Links to Resources

NLM Resources (File Locators)

ClinicalTrials.gov	LiverTox	PubChem	PubMed Health
DailyMed	MedlinePlusAll	PubMed	PubMed Toxicology
DrugPortal	MedlinePlusDrug	PubMed AIDS	TOXLINE
HSDB	MeSH	PubMed Cancer	
LactMed	MeSH Heading	PubMed Central	

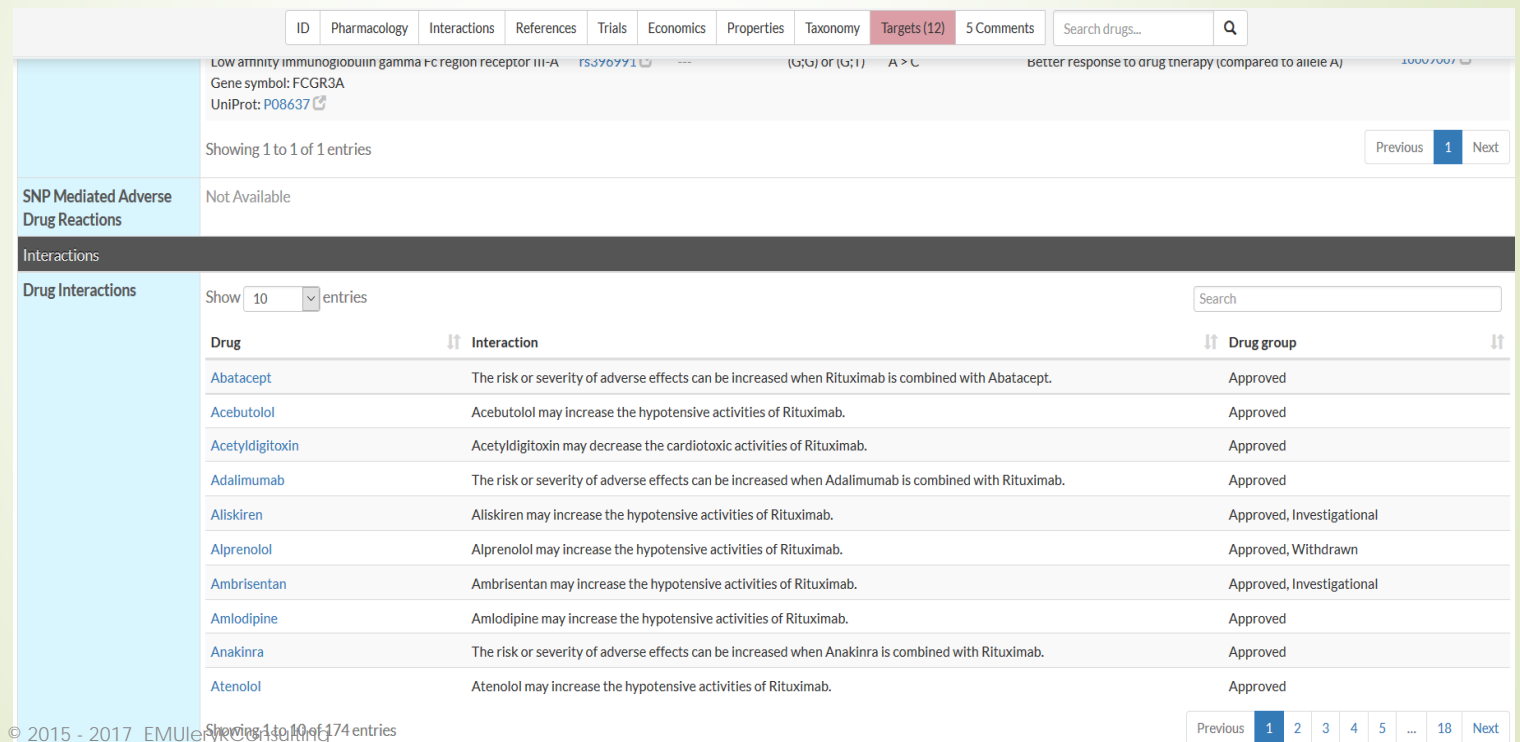
Other Resources (Internet Locators)

DrugBank	Drugs@FDA	EMA	EPA CompTox
DrugDigest	eChemPortal	EPA ACToR	USA.gov

Background Question - Example

DrugBank - Health & Welfare Canada


(<https://www.drugbank.ca/drugs/>) - Rituximab



The screenshot displays the DrugBank website interface for Rituximab. At the top, there are navigation tabs: ID, Pharmacology, Interactions, References, Trials, Economics, Properties, Taxonomy, Targets (12), and 5 Comments. A search bar is located to the right of these tabs. Below the navigation, the main content area shows the drug name 'Low affinity immunoglobulin gamma Fc region receptor III-A' with its gene symbol 'FCGR3A' and UniProt ID 'P08637'. A 'Showing 1 to 1 of 1 entries' indicator is present. Below this, a section for 'SNP Mediated Adverse Drug Reactions' is marked as 'Not Available'. The 'Interactions' section is expanded to show 'Drug Interactions'. A 'Show 10 entries' dropdown and a search box are visible. The table below lists 10 drug interactions with columns for Drug, Interaction, and Drug group.

Drug	Interaction	Drug group
Abatacept	The risk or severity of adverse effects can be increased when Rituximab is combined with Abatacept.	Approved
Acebutolol	Acebutolol may increase the hypotensive activities of Rituximab.	Approved
Acetyldigitoxin	Acetyldigitoxin may decrease the cardiotoxic activities of Rituximab.	Approved
Adalimumab	The risk or severity of adverse effects can be increased when Adalimumab is combined with Rituximab.	Approved
Aliskiren	Aliskiren may increase the hypotensive activities of Rituximab.	Approved, Investigational
Alprenolol	Alprenolol may increase the hypotensive activities of Rituximab.	Approved, Withdrawn
Ambrisentan	Ambrisentan may increase the hypotensive activities of Rituximab.	Approved, Investigational
Amlodipine	Amlodipine may increase the hypotensive activities of Rituximab.	Approved
Anakinra	The risk or severity of adverse effects can be increased when Anakinra is combined with Rituximab.	Approved
Atenolol	Atenolol may increase the hypotensive activities of Rituximab.	Approved


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Step 3 – translate the research question into a searchable question

Sample methods to determine search terms

- ▶ PICOT (Cochrane therapy based)
- ▶ Concept Map (Generic search term)
- ▶ Spice (evaluate outcomes of a service, project, or intervention)
- ▶ SPIDER (structure qualitative research questions with focus study design, and "samples" rather than populations)
- ▶ ECLIPSe (investigating the outcomes of a policy or service)



Step 3 – translate the research question into a searchable question

Questions	Yes	No	Why
All types of cancer			
Limit to leukemias, brain tumours, etc			
Bacterial vs. fungal infections			
Include/exclude antibiotics/antifungals or specific ones			
Compare 2 specific drugs			
Compare 2 specific classes of drugs			
Include/exclude HSCT or GVHD			
Include/exclude Catheter infections			
Other			

Step 3 – translate the research question into a searchable question

Questions	Yes	No	Why
All types of cancer	X		Generalize results if possible
Limit to leukemias, brain tumours, etc		X	
Bacterial vs. fungal infections		X	Bacterial only e.g. agranulocytosis
Include/exclude antibiotics/antifungals			Antibiotics only
Compare 2 specific drugs		X	Generalize results
Compare 2 specific classes of drugs		X	Generalize results
Include/exclude HSCT or GVHD		X	
Include/exclude Catheter infections		X	
Other			



Step 3 - PICOT vs. Concept Map/Box

PICOT

- Developed for therapy questions
- Logical and intuitive
- Limited expandability

Concept Map/Box

- Developed for searching all topics
- Logical
- Strong expandability



PICOT analysis

P	Patient/Problem	Cancer – children (ages 0 to 18)
I	Intervention	Antibiotics
C	Comparison	N/A
O	Outcome	Bacterial infections - prevention
T	Time	Prophylaxis, Chemoprevention
	PowerSearch	Therapy, Prognosis, Risk

Concept Map

	Topic 1	AND	Topic 2	AND	Topic 3	AND	Topic 4
	Cancer	→	Antibiotic prophylaxis	→	Children	→	Therapy Prognosis Risk
	Synonyms/ search terms		Synonyms/ search terms		Synonyms/ search terms		Synonyms/ search terms
O R ↓	All cancer Specific cancer (e.g. Leukemia)	O R ↓	Prophylactic prophylaxis All Antibiotics or specific drugs	O R ↓	Infant Child Adolescent	O R ↓	RCTs Controlled Clinical trials Guidelines




Step 4 – Evidence Based Pillars & Study Designs

- Developed by Cochrane and McMaster University in late 1980's
- Adopted by subject databases as subject indexing terms
- Categorized main clinical practice evidence concerns
- Used to filter search results
 - PubMed clinical queries
 - PubMed search guide for this session pages 34+
 - Cochrane Handbook Section **6.4.11 Search filters** <http://handbook.cochrane.org/>
 - Institutional library saved searches (e.g. intranet library OvidSP Permanent searches)
 - Institutional library intranet or internet pages for terms (e.g. <http://guides.library.ualberta.ca/health-sciences-search-filters/study-type-filters>)

Evidence-Based Pillars & Study Designs

Diagnosis	Therapy	Prognosis	Etiology
Sensitivity & Specificity (e.g. predictive value of tests" or roc curve)	RCTs CCTs Multicentre studies	cohort studies (e.g. follow-up, retrospective, prospective, observational etc.)	cohort studies (e.g. follow-up, retrospective, prospective, observational etc.)
Diagnostic Errors (e.g. false negatives, false positives)	Clinical Trials (stages 1 to 4)	Prognosis (e.g. mortality, disease-free survival, treatment outcome, treatment failure, medical futility etc.)	Risk terms (e.g. Risk, Risk Factors, Odds Ratio, etc.)
Likelihood functions <small>© 2015 - 2017 EMUJerykConsulting</small>	Meta-analyses	Morbidity (e.g. incidence, prevalence, etc.)	



Step 5 - Select your search resources – Synthesized/Reference/Background

- ▶ Subscription sources
 - ▶ Cochrane
 - ▶ BMJ Clinical Evidence
 - ▶ UpToDate
 - ▶ DynaMed Plus

- ▶ Open Access sources
 - ▶ National Guideline Clearinghouse
 - ▶ ToxNet ((<https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/>))
 - ▶ TRIP (partial subscription service)



Step 5 - Select your search resources

Suggested core Databases – pg 10 PubMed Handout

- Cochrane Library, 1995- (Wiley <http://www.cochrane.org/> or OvidSP)
- MEDLINE, 1946- (PubMed, OvidSP, EBSCOHost, ProQuest)
- EMBASE, 1947- (OvidSP, Embase.com)
- CINAHL, 1983 or CINAHL with full-text, 1946 - (EBSCOHost)
- PsycINFO, 1806- (OvidSP, EBSCOHost, ProQuest)
- Clinicaltrials.gov 2000- (<https://clinicaltrials.gov/>)
- WHO Global Index Medicus (<http://www.globalhealthlibrary.net>)

*****Ask your Librarian what other databases are available

Steps 6 and 7 – Find Search terms

Sample Reference

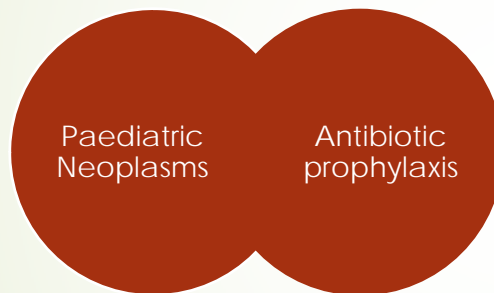
Field	Data
Author	Inaba H. et al
Title	Feasibility, efficacy, and adverse effects of outpatient antibacterial prophylaxis in children with acute myeloid leukemia .
Abstract	Intensive chemotherapy for pediatric acute myeloid leukemia incurs the risk of infectious complications, but the benefits of antibiotic prophylaxis remain unclear.....
Journal	Cancer 2014 Jul 1;120(13):1985-92
MeSH	Anti-Bacterial Agents /ad/ae/tu *Antibiotic Prophylaxis /ae/me/tr/ut Bacteremia/mi/pc Bacterial Infections Leukemia, Myeloid, Acute / Child Child, Preschool



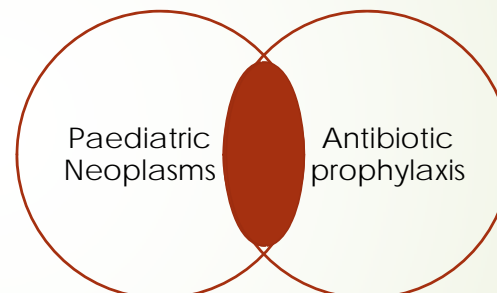
Steps 6 and 7 – Find Search terms

- ▶ Use PubMed MeSH database or OvidSP Tools function
 - ▶ Provides controlled vocabulary/subject term access
 - ▶ Translates synonymous word variations
- ▶ Check scope notes for term definition and indexing history
- ▶ Check Tree listing for additional terms
- ▶ Add textword terms to cover term indexing history
 - ▶ Antibiotic prophylaxis – MeSH term since 1996
 - ▶ Find synonymous terms (e.g. prophyla* will search for prophyla(ctic)(ctics)(ctically)(xis), etc.
 - ▶ Proximity operators (OvidSP e.g. (antibiotic* adj3 prophyla*).ti,ab,kf.)
- ▶ Select terms from each database separately – subject headings are not transferable

Step 8 – Combine search terms- Boolean operators



OR – to expand search



AND – to narrow search

PubMed results

Search	Query	Items found
#14	Search (#13) NOT #10 Filters: Clinical Trial; Child: birth-18 years	61
#13	Search (#3 AND #11) Filters: Clinical Trial; Child: birth-18 years	106
#12	Search (#3 AND #11)	1617
#11	Search "Bacterial Infections/prevention and control"[Mesh]	85274
#10	Search (#5 OR #8) Filters: Clinical Trial; Child: birth-18 years	162
#9	Search (#5 OR #8)	2373
#8	Search (#3 AND #6 AND #7) [****previous indexing****]	1920
#7	Search "Chemoprevention"[Mesh:NoExp] OR prophyla* OR chemoprevent* OR chemoprophyla*	173988
#6	Search ("Anti-Bacterial Agents"[Mesh]) OR "Anti-Bacterial Agents" [Pharmacological Action]	640286
#5	#3 AND #4	857
#4	Search "Antibiotic Prophylaxis"[Mesh] [***available from 1996 +]	11679
#3	Search "Neoplasms"[Mesh]	2904006
#2	Search prophylactic antibiotics in pediatric cancer Filters: Clinical Trial	13
#1	Search prophylactic antibiotics in pediatric cancer	70

PubMed result summary

#2 Search prophylactic antibiotics in pediatric cancer Filters: Clinical Trial – 13 results includes HSCT results

Authors	Offer K, Kolb M, Jin Z, Bhatia M, Kung AL, George D, Garvin JH, Robinson C, Sosna J, Karamehmet E, Satwani P.
Title	Efficacy of tacrolimus/mycophenolate mofetil as acute graft-versus-host disease prophylaxis and the impact of subtherapeutic tacrolimus levels in children after matched sibling donor allogeneic hematopoietic cell transplantation.
Journal	Biol Blood Marrow Transplant. 2015 Mar;21(3):496-502. doi: 10.1016/j.bbmt.2014.11.679. Epub 2014 Dec 20. PMID: 25536217

PubMed result summary

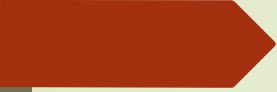
Set 10 -Search (#5 OR #8) Filters: Clinical Trial; Child: birth-18 years - 162 results
- combination MeSH, textword, filter and age group results

Author	Feng X, Ruan Y, He Y, Zhang Y, Wu X, Liu H, Liu X, He L, Li C.
Title	Prophylactic first-line antibiotics reduce infectious fever and shorten hospital stay during chemotherapy-induced agranulocytosis in childhood acute myeloid leukemia.
Journal	Acta Haematol. 2014;132(1):112-7. doi: 10.1159/000356626. Epub 2014 Feb 12. PMID: 24525963

PubMed result summary

Set 14 - Search (#13) NOT #10 Filters: Clinical Trial; Child: birth-18 years – 61 results
unique outcome results (i.e. bacterial infection prevention and control)

Author	Kao HF, Chen IC, Hsu C, Chang SY, Chien SF, Chen YC, Hu FC, Yang JC, Cheng AL, Yeh KH.
Title	<u>Chlorhexidine for the prevention of bloodstream infection associated with totally implantable venous ports in patients with solid cancers.</u>
Journal	Support Care Cancer. 2014 May;22(5):1189-97. doi: 10.1007/s00520-013-2071-5. Epub 2014 Jan 3. PMID: 24384684




Step 9 - Saving and Downloading results

- Download results into your citation management software
- Download and save search strategy to include as Appendix in paper submission
- Save search strategy for automatic updates (alerts)
- Select and save recurring search topic terms to reuse (i.e. permanent saved searches for leukemia terms, etc.)

Step 10 - Staying Current

AutoAlerts	eTOCS
Topic/Project specific	Browsing all journal title content
Updates for topic/project in database title list	Topic specific in one journal
Indexing time delay	Latest including epubS
Full record including database descriptors (e.g. MeSH, EMBASE, PsycINFO)	Brief record
Email delivery	Delivery (e.g. email, RSS feeds, webpage access)
Set up once and manage output	Set-up multiple titles and manage output



Advice from researchers – clear and open your mind

- ▶ Schedule time to “Sit and Think”
- ▶ Schedule lunch or coffee with colleagues/collaborators
- ▶ Read popular literature for trends or advances (e.g. Macleans, Economist, New Yorker, newspapers)

Example: <http://www.ctvnews.ca/health/manitoba-scientists-develop-1st-new-antibiotic-in-decades-1.3376016>



Citation Management Software

FreeWare

- ▶ EndNote Basic
<http://endnote.com/product-details/basic> **(NEW)**
- ▶ Mendeley
<http://www.mendeley.com/>
- ▶ Zotero <https://www.zotero.org/>

Commercial

- ▶ EndNote <http://endnote.com/>
- ▶ Reference Manager
[http://refman.com/\(discontinued May 2016\)](http://refman.com/(discontinued%20May%202016))
- ▶ RefWorks
<http://www.refworks.com/>



Citation Management Software

Functionality varies among products

- ▶ Organizes references for research studies
- ▶ Generates a data extraction form (e.g. excel format)
- ▶ Search inclusion/exclusion notes
- ▶ Eliminates majority of incorrect citations
- ▶ Direct citation import/export formats
- ▶ Finding and linking PDF copies of articles
- ▶ CWYW – inserts citations into research papers



Conclusion - Searching Tips

- ▶ Use database subject headings first
- ▶ Add textwords as required
- ▶ Use age group limits as available -consider using textwords for age groups (e.g. infan*, child*, adolescen*) as required
- ▶ Use EBP Quality Filters as available/required



Conclusion - Searching Tips

- ▶ Consider all languages
- ▶ Consider all publication years
- ▶ Save frequently searched terms as a Saved searches to minimize searching time
- ▶ Select the subject headings for each individual database – no shortcuts

See PubMed handout for examples



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- ▶ List 3 study designs or Quality Filters from the EBP pillars
- ▶ List 2 reasons for using automatically update your searches
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Thank-you

Questions

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